



Influenza A H1N1 Effect

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On April 15 and April 17, 2009, the new porcine influenza A H1N1 virus (S-OIV) was identified in samples from two epidemiologically unrelated patients in the United States [1].

This virus is the type of virus seen in pigs. However, as a result of the mutation of influenza A as H1N1, it has become a virus that can be transmitted from pigs to humans and from humans to humans.

Thus, it is popularly known as swine flu. Influenza A H1N1 is a virus type that causes pandemics due to its high susceptibility to antigenic variation. A new influenza pandemic was officially declared by WHO on 11 June 2009 [2]. The symptoms of the disease, generally caused by the Influenza A H1N1 virus, can be transmitted quite quickly and the symptoms start suddenly. Fever, cough, chills or sweating, myalgia and weakness [3]. A vaccine has been developed for influenza A H1N1. But still the virus is not completely over. It is a type of virus that can still be transmitted from person to person as seasonal flu by undergoing various mutations [4].

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